In just the past year, the number of American teenagers using tobacco products has increased by nearly 40 percent, threatening to reverse decades of progress in lowering the national smoking rate. The surge in tobacco product use among middle and high school students is due to the growing popularity of e-cigarettes, prompting federal health officials to call the dramatic rise in youth vaping an “epidemic.” From 2017 to 2018, the number of high school students who use e-cigarettes rose by 78 percent.

Nearly all tobacco use begins in youth and young adulthood, and e-cigarettes are the most commonly used tobacco product among these individuals. Because of the high nicotine content in Juul and similarly designed products, another generation may be at risk for developing nicotine addiction. The AACR is concerned that youth and young adults may suffer the harmful effects of nicotine addiction and then will take up smoking combustible cigarettes.

Please attend this important Congressional briefing where you will hear from U.S. government officials about the latest e-cigarette usage trends, regulatory efforts to curb use in youth and young adults, and current scientific data regarding the harm (and potential benefits to adult smokers) from e-cigarettes. A behavioral scientist will discuss substance use behaviors in youth and young adults, and the design of prevention and cessation strategies.

If you plan to attend, kindly RSVP at www.SurveyMonkey.com/r/AACRECig2019

Lunch will be provided at this widely attended event.

The American Association for Cancer Research (AACR) cordially invites you to a briefing on

E-CIGARETTES AND NICOTINE ADDICTION:
A POTENTIAL PUBLIC HEALTH CRISIS
FOR YOUTH AND YOUNG ADULTS

Wednesday, June 12, 2019
11:30 a.m. – 1:00 p.m. Eastern
Russell Senate Office Building | Room 325
Kennedy Caucus Room, Washington, DC

In just the past year, the number of American teenagers using tobacco products has increased by nearly 40 percent, threatening to reverse decades of progress in lowering the national smoking rate. The surge in tobacco product use among middle and high school students is due to the growing popularity of e-cigarettes, prompting federal health officials to call the dramatic rise in youth vaping an “epidemic.” From 2017 to 2018, the number of high school students who use e-cigarettes rose by 78 percent.

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